Genetics Challenge Name
1. The abbreviation for deoxyribonucleic acid is $= \frac{1}{26}$.
2. A member of a gene pair that determines a specific trait is a(n) $\frac{1}{19} - \frac{1}{25} - \frac{1}{25} = \frac{1}{25}$.
3. $ = $
4. A $\frac{1}{38} = \frac{1}{31} = \frac{1}{31}$ has genes that are different for a trait, such as Tt.
5. The actual gene makeup of an organism is its
6 are physical characteristics of an organism that are passed down from one generation to the next.
7. $I n c o m p l e t e d o m i n a n c e is a condition in which neither of the two genes in a gene pair masks the other.$
 8 are rod-shaped structures found in the nucleus of every cell in an organism. 9. A trait is expressed when two different genes for the same trait are present.
10. The physical appearance of a trait is called the $\frac{1}{14} - \frac{5}{52} - \frac{3}{32}$.
11. Mendel experimented with
12. A gene pair consists of two dominant alleles or two recessive alleles.
13. According to the of one gene from each gene pair goes to each one gene from each gene pair goes to each sex cell.
14. The traits of an organism are controlled by its $\frac{1}{15} = \frac{3}{36}$.
15. A $\frac{15}{42}$ $\frac{36}{39}$ $\frac{15}{21}$ $\frac{36}{40}$ is a chart used to show the possible gene combinations in across between two organisms.
16. A gene pair that consists of a dominant allele and a recessive allele.
17. The 3 22 generation is the offspring of the P, or parental, generation.
18. A $\frac{44}{29} - \frac{45}{55} - \frac{45}{30}$ is a scientist who studies heredity.
19. A $\frac{29}{49} - \frac{35}{27} - \frac{30}{5} = \frac{30}{5}$ trait seems to disappear when two different genes for the same trait are present.

22. The __ _ _ of independent _ _ _ _ _ _ states that each gene pair is inherited _ _ _ _ _ independently of the gene pairs for other traits.

Use the letters from the terms to complete the joke!

 $\frac{31}{32} \frac{32}{33} \frac{34}{35} \frac{35}{36} \frac{37}{37} \frac{38}{39} \frac{39}{40} \frac{41}{41} \frac{42}{42} \frac{43}{44} \frac{44}{45} \frac{46}{46} \frac{47}{48} \frac{49}{49} \frac{50}{50} \frac{51}{51} \frac{52}{52} \frac{53}{54} \frac{54}{55} \frac{56}{56} \frac{57}{58} \frac{58}{58} \frac{1}{58} \frac{1}{5$

20. Organisms inherit genes in pairs, one from each $\frac{}{43} - \frac{}{11} - \frac{}{7}$.

21. $\frac{1}{24} - \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{33} - \frac{1}{33} = \frac{1}{33}$ is the study of heredity.